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☐ 1. Document ID: US 6159457 A

AB: A method for coating keratinous substances including applying an agent for coating keratinous substances comprising:

(1) an aqueous/organic solution containing:

(a) at least one non-crosslinked polymer capable of forming a deposit or a film on a keratinous substrate after drying and exhibiting a critical temperature T_c for solubility in water of the LCST or UCST type ranging from 0.degree. to 100.degree. C.; and

(b) at least one total organic solvent for the polymer within the temperature range for use of the composition which is partially or completely miscible with water and more volatile than water; or

(2) an aqueous solution or aqueous dispersion containing:

(a) at least one non-crosslinked polymer capable of forming a deposit or a film on a keratinous substrate after drying and exhibiting a critical temperature T_c for solubility in water of the LCST or UCST type ranging from 0.degree. to 100.degree. C.; and

(b) at least one surfactant and/or one hydrophilic polymer which are capable of establishing physical interactions with the non-crosslinked polymer; and cosmetic or dermatological compositions including these agents, in particular, hair form retention and/or styling products or make-up products of an aqueous nature.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Abstracts	Claims	KWIC	Drawings
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☐ 2. Document ID: US 5021180 A

AB: A refrigeration fluid compositions for compression refrigeration which have an upper solution critical temperature equal to or greater than 60.degree. C. are composed of (A) selected hydrochlorofluorocarbons and hydrofluorocarbons and (B) polyether polyols having viscosities of greater than 80 centistokes at 38.degree. C. and having a number average molecular weight from about 400 to about 2000 wherein the polyols are the residue of an active hydrogen compound such as glycerine or ethylene diamine.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Abstracts	Abstracts	Claims	KMOC	Draw. Des
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☐ 3. Document ID: US 4965783 A

AB: The invention relates to a method for recording, storing, and displaying optically readable information in a medium, with the use of a plastic material which can be modified in an optically differentiable way under the action of thermal energy or a form of energy directly convertible into thermal energy. In the method, a polyblend is employed which is comprised of at least two disparate polymers and which are mutually compatible, and which polyblend has an upper critical solution temperature (UCST), whereby an optically differentiable modification of the information storage medium is brought about by the phase transformation from a compatible polyblend above the UCST to the deblended polymers (P1, P2) below the UCST, or the reverse of this transformation.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Abstracts	Abstracts	Claims	KMOC	Draw. Des
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☐ 4. Document ID: US 4959169 A

AB: Refrigeration fluid compositions for compression refrigeration which have an upper solution critical temperature equal to or greater than about 35.degree. C. are composed of selected hydrochlorofluorocarbons and hydrofluorocarbons with esterified polyether polyols in which at least 30% of the hydroxyls are esterified. The esterified polyether polyols have a viscosity between 25 and 150 centistokes at 38.degree. C.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Abstracts	Abstracts	Claims	KMOC	Draw. Des
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☐ 5. Document ID: US 4946940 A

AB: A separation process has been found in which a polymer-solvent solution separates into phases of highly different composition which are in equilibrium over a broad temperature range. Upon addition of the phase separating agent, which is near or above its supercritical conditions, rapid disengagement into two phases occurs. The relative volume of solvent rich phase is substantially larger than the polymer rich phase. The process can be practiced at relatively low temperatures such as those employed in polymerization or post-polymerization processes. The separation is accomplished by adding or elevating the concentration of a phase separation agent to or above a minimum effective concentration, which causes the UCST and LCST lines to merge. Suitable phase separating agents are organic and inorganic compounds that are gases at 1 atm pressure and 25.degree. C. Due to the gaseous nature of the phase separating agent, it is easily removed from the solvent phase for reuse in the process.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Claims	KMIC	Draw Des
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☐ 6. Document ID: US 4851144 A

AB: Lubricant base compositions for compression refrigeration are composed of 95 to 5% by weight of polyether polyols having a number average molecular weight from about 400 to about 5000 and 5 to 95% of esters made from polyhydric alcohols with alkanolic acids or esters made from alkanedioic acids with alkanols. A refrigeration fluid is made from the base composition with the addition of selected hydrochlorofluorocarbons and hydrofluorocarbons so that the base composition is miscible with the refrigerant in the range from -20.degree. C. to greater than 65.degree. C.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Claims	KMIC	Draw Des
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☐ 7. Document ID: US 4847754 A

AB: A method for serializing process access to shared resources utilizing low-level atomic functions to maintain control structures in which noncontiguous words must be modified at two different times. The atomic functions require an initiation operation partitionable from a completion operation. Each process requesting access to the shared resource performs the initiation operation, which begins modification of a control structure. The completion operation may be performed by the original process if there is no resource conflict. If, however, another process is currently modifying the control structure, then the task of performing the completion operation is passed to one of the concurrently-accessing processes.

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Claims	KMIC	Draw Des
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